



# Axiomatic Set Theory

(Axiomatische Verzamelingsentheorie)

2003/2004; 2nd Trimester  
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## Homework Set # 7

Deadline: Thursday, March 4th, 2004

### Exercise 7.1 (Ordinal Exponentiation).

Show that:

- $3^\omega = \omega$ ,
- $\omega^\omega \cdot \omega^\omega = \omega^{\omega \cdot 2}$ , and
- $(\omega^\omega)^\omega = \omega^{\omega^2}$ .

### Exercise 7.2 (Different Ordinals)

Consider the following list of (terms for) ordinals. Some of them are equal (*e.g.*,  $\omega$  and  $7 \cdot \omega$ ) some aren't (*e.g.*,  $\omega$  and  $\omega + 7$ ).

Sort them into blocks of equal ordinals and sort the blocks according to the size of the ordinals in them (*i.e.*, the block containing  $\omega$  before the block containing  $\omega + 7$ ):

$\omega, 7 \cdot \omega, \omega + 7, 7 \cdot (\omega^7 + \omega), 7 \cdot (\omega \cdot 7) + 7, 7 + \omega, \omega^7 \cdot 7, \aleph_7, 7 + 7 + 7 + (7 \cdot 7 \cdot \omega), \omega^{\omega^7} + \omega^7, \omega^7 + \aleph_7, 7, \omega \cdot 7, \omega \cdot (\omega + 7), (\omega + 7) \cdot \omega, \omega, \omega + 7 + \omega^7, \omega^7, (7 \cdot \omega) \cdot 7 + 7, 7 + \omega + \omega^7, \omega + 7, 7 + \omega^7 + \omega, \omega \cdot 7 + 7, 7 + 7 \cdot \omega, \omega^7 + \omega + 7, \omega^7 + \omega^{\omega^7}$ .

### Exercise 7.3 (Fixed points).

Prove the following:

- (1)  $\xi$  is a  $\gamma$ -number if and only if for all  $\eta < \xi$ , we have  $\eta + \xi = \xi$ .
- (2)  $\xi$  is a  $\delta$ -number if and only if for all  $0 < \eta < \xi$ , we have  $\eta \cdot \xi = \xi$ .

**Reminder.** An ordinal  $\xi$  is called a  $\gamma$ -number if it is a fixed point of the ordinal addition, *i.e.*, if  $\alpha, \beta \in \xi$ , then  $\alpha + \beta \in \xi$ . It is called a  $\delta$ -number if it is a fixed point of the ordinal multiplication, *i.e.*, if  $\alpha, \beta \in \xi$ , then  $\alpha \cdot \beta \in \xi$ .